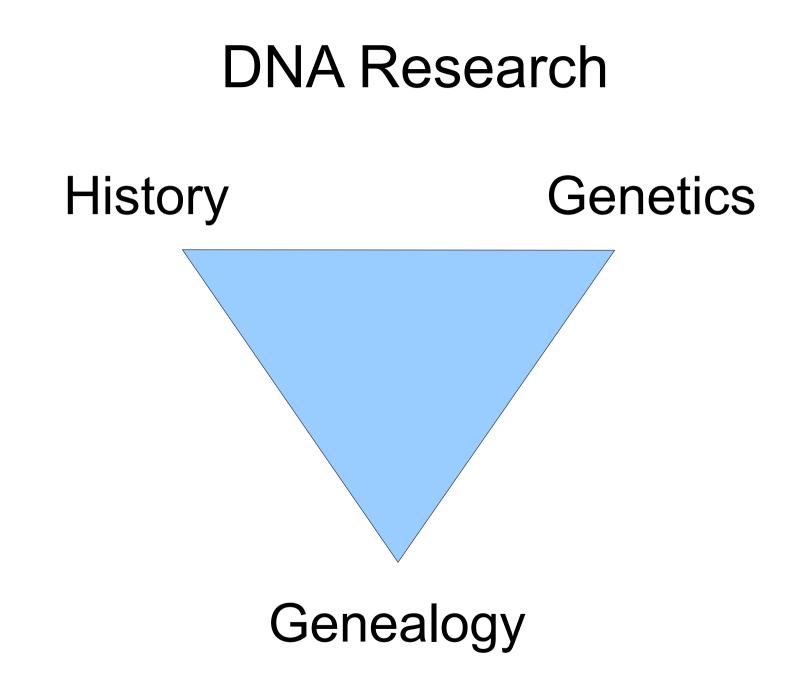
## How to Test Your DNA and Why

by Peter Biggins pabiggin@optonline.net

Middlesex Genealogical Society

Darien Library Darien, Connecticut

October 2, 2010



## DNA in Books and on TV

#### Books

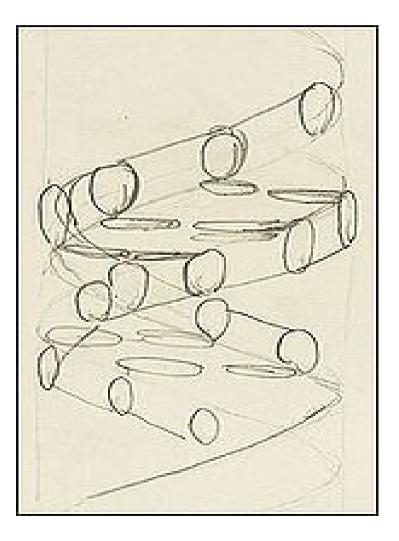
- Saxons, Vikings and Celts by Bryan Sykes, 2006
- The Seven Faces of Eve by Bryan Sykes, 2001
- Mapping Human History by Steve Olson, 2002

#### Television

- "Faces of America" with Henry Louis Gates Jr. on PBS
- "Who Do You Think You Are?" on BBC, RTÉ One, NBC

## **About This Material**

- Y-chromosome DNA
- Where to test
- Planning
- Testing steps
- DNA results
- Research
- More research
- Pluses & minuses



# Types of DNA testing

#### For genealogy and anthropology

- Y-chromosome DNA: male back to male, to male, etc. -- tracks surname
- Mitochondrial DNA (mtDNA): male or female back to female, to female, etc.

#### For close genealogy

• Family finder – up to 6 generations back

## Y-Chromosome DNA

- Does not identify diseases or risks
- Only males have a Y-chromosome, passed down from father to son
- Passed down like surnames, so can be traced back
- Only one of a male's lines of ancestors
- To study another line, find a male to test from that line

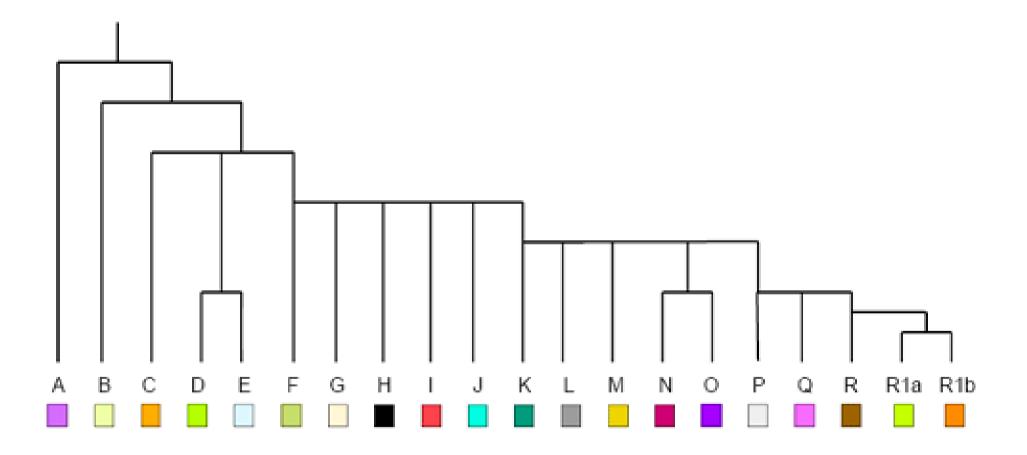
# Y-DNA

- DNA: deoxyribonucleic acid
- STR: short tandem repeat
- SNP: single nucleotide polymorphism
- DYS: DNA Y-chromosome segment, aka marker
- Allele: the value of a marker
- Haplogroup: set of values with a recurring pattern, designated A to T

## **Y-DNA** Simplified

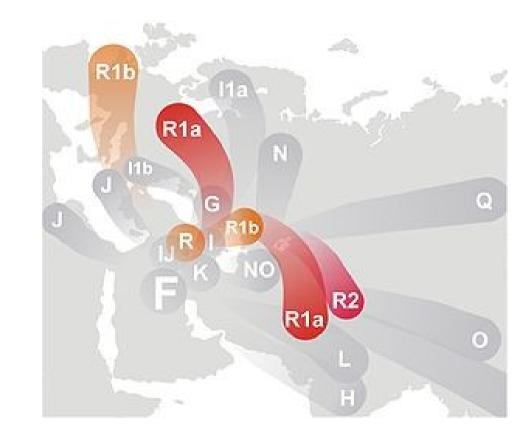
- 67 markers, e.g., 413b
- Value for each marker, e.g. 24
- Y-DNA: set of values for 67 markers for one person
- Haplogroup: group of matching Y-DNAs, e.g., R1b
- Genetic distance: number of mutations between Y-DNAs

### Haplogroups A to R

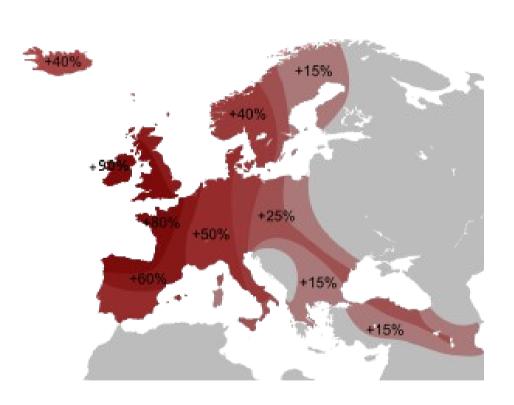


# Haplogroup R

- R1: west Eurasia
- R1a
  - central, south Asia
  - central, northeast Europe
- R1b
  - west Europe
  - west, central Asia
  - north Africa

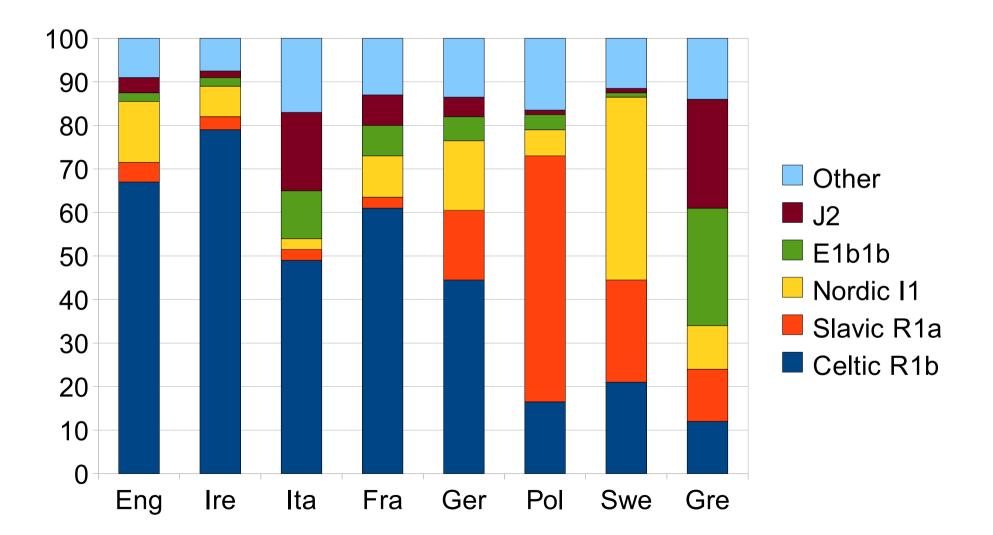


# R1b Haplogroup



- Percent of people in European areas that are R1b
- 90% in Ireland
- 80% in west England, west France, north Spain

### % Distribution of Ethnicities



# **Testing Organizations**

- Family Tree DNA (FTDNA)
- DNA Heritage
- Oxford Ancestors
- EthnoAncestry
- 23andMe
- Ancestry.com

# Family Tree DNA (FTDNA)

- Best known
- Started in April 2000
- Largest database
  - 188,000 Y-DNA records
  - 6,000 surname projects
- Good at sharing information
- Expensive, but competitive
- Did National Geographic project

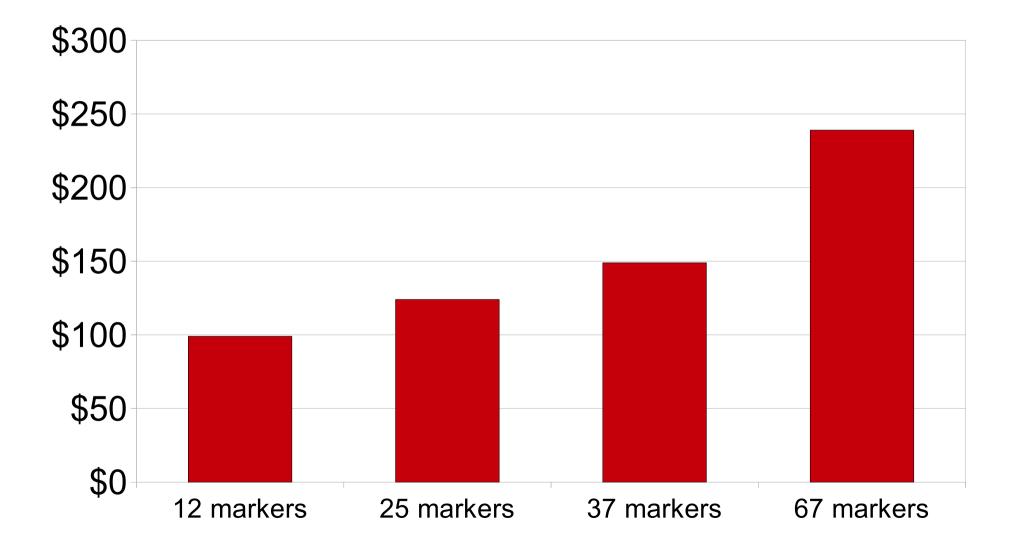
## More About FTDNA

- President: Bennett Greenspan, founded FTDNA in 1999; founded GoCollege.com in 1997
- Chief Scientist: Michael Hammer, PhD; Biotechnology Research Scientist, University of Arizona
- Laboratory Manager: Connie Bormans, PhD
- Headquarters in Houston, TX

# **Test Planning**

- Choose a testing organization
  - FTDNA recommended
- Decide who is to be tested
- Select 12, 25, 37, or 67 markers
  - More markers are more accurate but cost more

## Cost of Testing at FTDNA



# **Testing Steps**

- 1. Select a surname project at FTDNA
- 2. Enroll and pay online
- 3. Get kit in mail, test, return
- 4. Get results online
- 5. Do some research
- 6. Do some more research

## 1. Select a Surname Project

- Research your surname for variants
- Go to FTDNA at: familytreedna.com
- Search for a project at FTDNA
- If no project,
  - Start a new project
  - Join a geographic project
- After you get results, other projects can be joined at no extra cost

# 2. Enroll and Pay Online

- Go to: www.familytreedna.com
- Search for surname
- Order selected test
  - Contact information
  - Shipping address
  - Phone and email
- Provide payment information or request an invoice

## 3. Get Kit in Mail, Test, Return



- Swab kit
  - 3 scrapers with cotton "toothed" tips
  - 3 tubes for 3 tips
  - Return envelope
- Swab inside of cheek
  - 3 times
  - 60 seconds each
  - 4 hours apart

## 4. Get Results Online

- Use your kit number and password to get to My FTDNA Home
- Get results in about 6 weeks
  - Your haplotree: history of your Y-chromosome
  - Recent ancestral origins by country
  - Your marker values
  - Matches with other people

## Peter Biggins: Y-DNA Kit 127469

393 <b>13</b>	390 <b>24</b>	<sup>19</sup> 15	391 <b>11</b>	385a <b>11</b>	385b <b>15</b>	426 <b>12</b>	388 <b>12</b>	439 <b>12</b>	389-1 <b>13</b>	392 <b>13</b>	389-2 <b>29</b>	
458 <b>17</b>	459a <b>9</b>	459b <b>10</b>	455 <b>11</b>	454 <b>11</b>	447 <b>25</b>	437 <b>15</b>	448 <b>19</b>	449 <b>28</b>	464a <b>15</b>	464b <b>15</b>	464c <b>17</b>	464d <b>17</b>
460 <b>11</b>	GATA H4 <b>11</b>	YCA II a <b>19</b>	YCA II b <b>23</b>	456 <b>15</b>	607 <b>15</b>	576 <b>17</b>	570 <b>19</b>	CDY a <b>36</b>	CDY b <b>38</b>	442 <b>12</b>	438 <b>12</b>	
531 <b>11</b>	578 <b>9</b>	<sup>395S1a</sup> <b>15</b>	395S1b <b>16</b>	590 <b>8</b>	537 <b>10</b>	641 <b>10</b>	472 <b>8</b>	406S1 <b>10</b>	511 <b>9</b>			
425 <b>null</b>	413a <b>22</b>	413b <b>24</b>	557 <b>16</b>	594 <b>10</b>	436 <b>12</b>	490 <b>12</b>	534 <b>16</b>	450 <b>8</b>	444 <b>12</b>			
481 <b>22</b>	520 <b>20</b>	446 <b>13</b>	617 <b>12</b>	568 <b>11</b>	487 <b>13</b>	572 <b>11</b>	640 <b>11</b>	492 <b>12</b>	565 <b>12</b>			

Haplotype: R1b1b2a1b5

Tests: P312+ M269+ L21+ U106- P66- M37- M222- M126- L4- L20- L2- L1-

## 5. Add Genealogical Data

- Family tree
- Most distant known ancestor

## 6. Do Some Research

- Email people you match up with
  - Share your ancestry
  - Learn about theirs
- Compare with others in your surname project
- Join additional surname projects
  - Name variants
  - Geographic projects
  - Haplogroup projects
- Do deep clade testing

## 6. Do Some More Research

- Upload your results to Ysearch
  - Search for more matches with people
  - Search for matches with haplotype modals
- Study the origin of your ancestors
- Study clan history
- Visit the area they came from
- Recruit new project members
- Incorporate the results in your genealogy

## My DNA Matches – 67 markers

GD

#### GD Name

- 3 Keith J. Bigham
- 5 Harry Napoleon Carroll
- 6 John Ramsay Dundas
- 6 Michael Beaghen
- 6 Sean Biggins
- 6 Bartholomew O'Toole
- 6 John Patrick Little
- 6 Geoffrey Walker

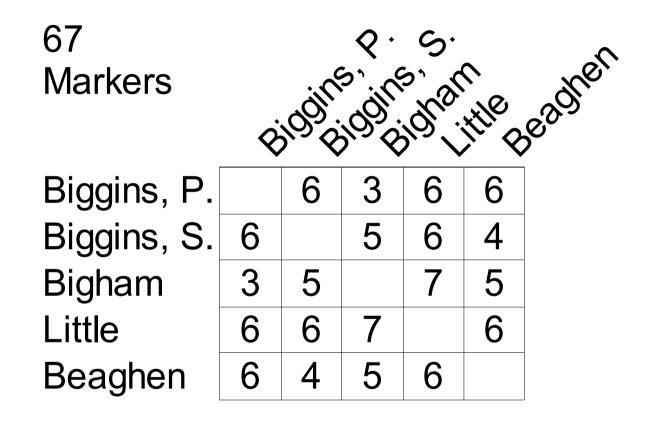
#### Name

- 7 Craig Steven Beeman
- 7 Lee Donald Calkins
- 7 John F. Calkins
- 7 Kenneth W. Calkins
- 7 Charles Calkins
- 7 Donald Duffy
- 7 Lynn Bailey Calkins
- 7 James Edward McDaniel
- 7 William James Carroll
- 7 Clifford Eugene Carroll
- 7 Robert David Calkins

## Irish Names and Surnames, Patrick Woulfe, 1923

O DISIN—I—O Beggin, Biggin, Biggins; 'des. of DISIN' (dim. of beas, small); a var. of O beasain and O beisin, q.v.

## **Biggins Genetic Distance**



## My DNA Matches – 67 markers

GD

#### GD Name

- 3 Keith J. Bigham
- 5 Harry Napoleon Carroll
- 6 John Ramsay Dundas
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- 6 Sean Biggins
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#### Name

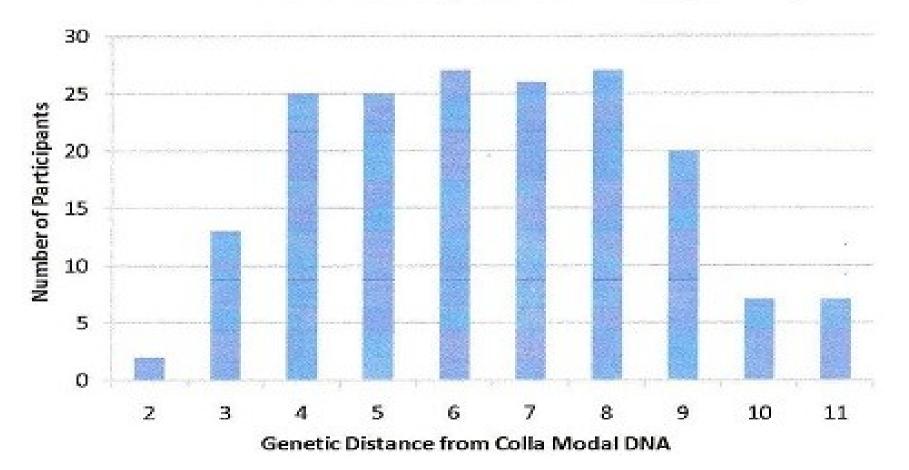
- 7 Craig Steven Beeman
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- 7 James Edward McDaniel
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- 7 Robert David Calkins

## Clan Colla Study

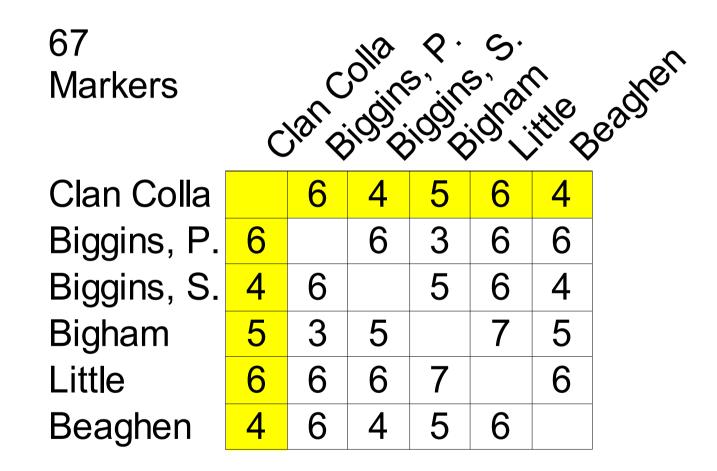
- Three Colla brothers lived in 4<sup>th</sup> century Ireland
- Surnames adopted in 11<sup>th</sup> century: Carroll, McGuire, McMahon, McDonald, etc.
- People with these names saw that they were matching each other
- Found 145 people with surname and DNA
- Computed the Colla modal value for 67 markers
- Found another 34 without surname

### Colla Group – 67 Markers

**Colla Group (179 Participants)** 



## **Biggins Genetic Distance**



## Pluses/Minuses of Y-DNA Testing

#### Pluses

- Surname matches
- Mismatches
- Variant surnames
- Geographical origin
- Clan origin
- Ethnoancestry
- Feeling connected

#### Minuses

- Cost
- Complexity
- Computer skills
- Patronymic only
- Time consuming
- No or few matches
- Disappointment

